



Pine Garden Foundation Limited

Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy

Drainage Impact Assessment (Project Profile)

June 2022



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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 This Drainage Impact Assessment Project Profile (DIA Project Profile) has been prepared in support of a Planning Application to the Town Planning Board (TPB) for the proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy.
- 1.1.2 The Site is to be developed to a visitor centre, activity centre and plant nursery, with ancillary facilities including a camping ground for overnight educational activity. A Master Layout Plan (Application Site Boundary & Proposed Building GFA) is included in **Appendix A**.
- 1.1.3 This Report assesses the drainage impacts in the vicinity of the Site as a result of the proposed development, with discussion of proposed mitigation measures as required.
- 1.1.4 This DIA Project Profile Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the DIA process for private sector projects set out under Drainage Services Department's (DSD's) Technical Advice Note No. 1 (Appendix I).

1.2 Information Available for the Study

- 1.2.1 Reference has been made to Drainage Services Department's (DSD's) Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM), 5th Edition, and public drainage information presented on DSD's Record Plans and on Land's Department's GeoInfo Map website.
- 1.2.2 A local topographic survey has also been carried out for the Project, with data from the survey adopted for this DIA as necessary.

2 Project Outline

2.1 Project Title

2.1.1 The project title is "Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy". The location of the Site is shown on **Figure 1**.

2.2 Proponent

2.2.1 The proponent of the project is Pine Garden Foundation Limited.

2.3 Contact Person

2.3.1 For issues relating to this DIA Study, please contact Ir Colin Moreby of AIM Group Limited at 2572 6533.

2.4 Nature and Description of the Project

- 2.4.1 The proposed Project Site will have an area of approximately 0.9ha.
- 2.4.2 The Application Site is rural in nature, with a few old buildings and largely overgrown agricultural land. The Site is to the south of Tai Po Road Tai Po Kau with a small access road running uphill to the Site from Tai Po Kau Garden. Photographs of the existing Site and surrounding areas are included in **Appendix B**.
- 2.4.3 Based on the current design scheme, there will be a visitor centre, an activity centre and a plant nursery, partly reusing elements of the existing buildings. There will also be an area for overnight camping, as well as footpaths around the Site. The Master Layout Plan is included in Appendix A.
- 2.4.4 The existing Site falls from south to north and from west to east, following the natural topography of the area. The Site falls from approximately +123mPD to +112mPD (south to north) at the western end of the Site and approximately from +110mPD to +99mPD at the eastern end. There will be no substantial changes in levels at the Site as a result of the proposed development.

2.5 Planning Application and Lease Modification

- 2.5.1 This DIA Project Profile Report has been prepared in support of a S16 Submission to the TPB.
- 2.5.2 Lease Modification might be required for the proposed development.

2.6 Location and Zoning

- 2.6.1 The Application Site is located to the south of Tai Po Road Tai Po Kau, approximately 400m uphill from Tai Po Kau Garden.
- 2.6.2 The Application Site is within an area currently zoned "Green Belt" under the Tai Po Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) (No. S/TP/29). The adjoining Tai Po Kau Nature Reserve is not covered by any OZP.

3 Planning and Implementation Programme

3.1 Planning and Implementation

3.1.1 The proposed development will be planned and implemented under the supervision of appropriately qualified and experienced professionals. The construction of any works for the proposed development will be carried out by a suitable Contractor.

3.2 Project Timetable

3.2.1 The Development is expected to be completed by 2024.

3.3 Interface with Other Projects

3.3.1 There is no foreseeable direct interaction with other development projects in the area, which should be considered at this time.

4 Existing Drainage

4.1 Existing Drainage Routes and Arrangements

- 4.1.1 The Site is located almost immediately adjacent to (to the south of) a substantial (in the order of 20m wide) natural streamcourse which serves a large upstream catchment, leading up to Grassy Hill. The overall catchment is shown on **Figure 2**. The overall catchment measures approximately 2.47km².
- 4.1.2 The Site itself is located beneath steep naturally vegetated hillsides within the Tai Po Kau Nature Reserve. The local upstream catchment area is shown on **Figure 3**.
- 4.1.3 Immediately to the south of the Site is a simple access road with a 300mm U-Channel on the southern side of the road. The U-channel would collect runoff from the upstream hillsides from minor storm events, but not all runoff from major events (see runoff and channel capacity calculations discussed below). Any substantial runoff would overflow the U-channel and pass overland across the road to the Site. There are no obvious significant drainage channels running down the upstream hillsides, so any runoff would be fairly evenly spread across the catchment (and the Site) rather than at specific locations.

- 4.1.4 Within the Site, there are no apparent main drainage systems, with runoff generally passing overland from south to north, towards the main streamcourse. However, there is a shallow low-lying depression towards the eastern end of the Site, which floods during rainfall events, forming a shallow pond.
- 4.1.5 There are no flooding blackspots in the vicinity of the Site and there is no history of flooding in the area (apart from the natural pond within the Site).
- 4.1.6 There are no known Ecologically Important Streams/Rivers in the catchment in which the Site is located.

5 Drainage Impact Assessment

5.1 Drainage Impact Assessment

General

5.1.1 The proposed development at the Site will involve the construction of buildings, although this will partly involve the reuse of elements of some of the existing structures on the Site. Overall, there will be a small increase in the amount of paving compared to the existing situation, with a resultant increase in runoff. These increases have been quantified, as discussed below.

Assessment Criteria

- 5.1.2 As the Site and local catchment areas are fairly small, the Rational Method (as set out in Section 7.5.2 of the SDM) has been used for the calculation of runoff. The overall catchment area for the main streamcourse is large (approximately 2.47km²), but, although the Rational Method is not normally appropriate for such a large catchment, it has been adopted to provide a simple indicative "order of magnitude" assessment of runoff from the overall catchment. It is considered that an accurate assessment of the runoff from the overall catchment is not necessary for a simple assessment such as this DIA.
- 5.1.3 The existing Site is gently sloping and mostly vegetated, so a runoff coefficient, C, of 0.25 has been adopted for the unpaved areas. There are some existing buildings and paved walkways around the Site and a runoff coefficient of 0.95 has been adopted for those areas.
- 5.1.4 The future Site will also be mostly vegetated and a similar value (C = 0.25) has been adopted for the future greenery areas. However, the

project will introduce a range of different materials for various parts of the Site and different runoff coefficients have been adopted for these, as set out in **Appendix C**. For simplicity in later calculations, Appendix C sets out calculations of overall runoff coefficients for the Site under existing and future scenarios.

- 5.1.5 The local upstream catchment and the overall catchment comprise mostly steep naturally vegetated hillsides and a runoff coefficient of 0.35 has been adopted for these areas. These catchments also include some access roads and a coefficient of 0.90 has been adopted for these.
- 5.1.6 The time of concentration, t_c, for the existing Site has been calculated as 3 minutes and this value has been adopted for the future scenario as well.
- 5.1.7 Although the Site will be mostly used for "agriculture", there will also be camping areas, so the 1 in 10-year storm event has been assessed.
- 5.1.8 In accordance with Section 6.8 of the SDM, allowances for increased rainfall intensity up to mid-21st Century and to the end of the 21st Century have been included in the runoff assessment.
- 5.1.9 There will be a small on-Site Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and the STP will also discharge to the main stormwater channel. The flows through the STP will be small, but a nominal 5l/s has been allowed for the overall STP discharge rate (N.B. this is a conservative allowance).
- 5.1.10 The 300mm U-channel adjacent to the access road will accept some runoff from the upstream hillsides and the approximate capacity of the channel has been calculated in **Appendix D**, resulting in an assumed nominal available capacity of 0.20m³/s. This capacity has been deducted from the runoff from the local upstream catchment, i.e. the U-channel will convey this flow away from the Site.

5.2 Drainage Impact

- 5.2.1 The existing and future runoff flows from the overall Site and overall catchment are presented in **Appendix E**. For simplicity, any retention within the existing (and future) pond towards the eastern end of the Site has been ignored.
- 5.2.2 The 1 in 10-year peak discharge from the Site alone will increase from 0.204m³/s to 0.244m³/s, i.e. an increase of 0.040m³/s. The peak runoff from the Site plus the local upstream catchment (less the available capacity of the U-channel) will increase from 0.700m³/s to 0.734m³/s, i.e. an increase of 0.034m³/s. However, the runoff from the overall catchment

is estimated to be in the order of 22.3m³/s, so the local increases would be no more than 0.15% of the overall runoff. This is well within the level of accuracy of runoff estimation and the increases are therefore insignificant. It is noted that there are no nearby buildings or roads which might be affected by any changes in runoff.

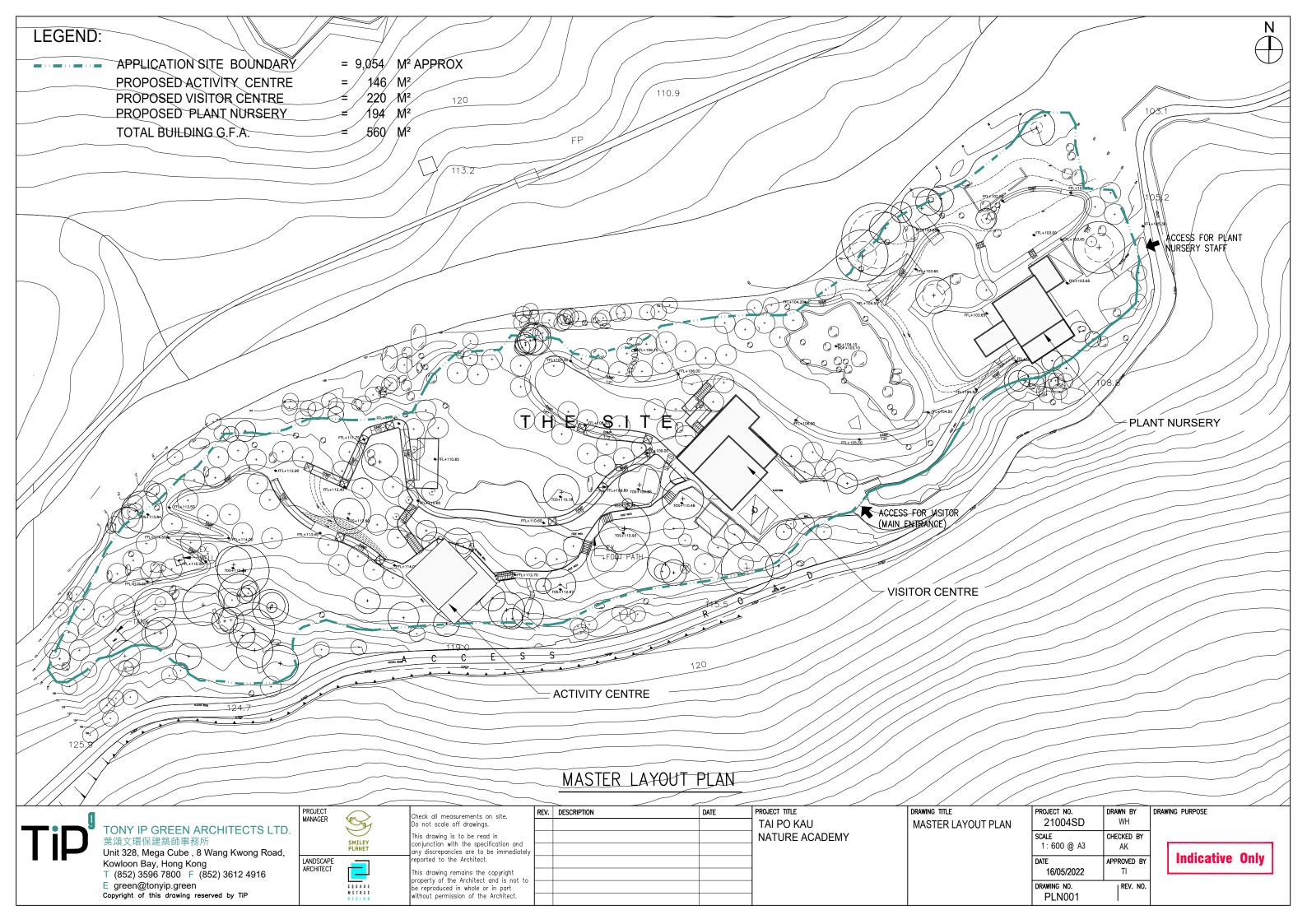
- 5.2.3 A further factor to consider is that it is intended to introduce rainwater harvesting as a key element of the development, so, although the details of this have yet to be developed, this should help to reduce the runoff from the Site and surrounding catchment areas. As noted above, there would also be some retention within the pond/water feature, which would further reduce the actual peak runoff.
- 5.2.4 The Site currently receives runoff from the local upstream catchment (in excess of the available capacity of the U-channel adjacent to the road) and this will continue after the proposed development. As the runoff is expected to be widespread (rather than at discrete locations), peripheral channels will be provided.
- 5.2.5 As the area is rural in nature and the Nature Academy is intended to retain a similar environment, it is proposed to use vegetated open channels (or "swales") for the Site drainage, rather than standard concrete channels. Also, a standard Terminal Manhole would not be appropriate for the Site, so it is intended to provide a simple catchpit instead.
- 5.2.6 All drainage facilities within the Site will be constructed and maintained by the Project Proponent.

6 Conclusions

- 6.1.1 The proposed development will result in slightly greater runoff than the existing Site. However, this will be offset by the intended rainwater harvesting to be introduced as part of the Project. There will also be some retention within the pond/water feature towards the eastern end of the Site.
- 6.1.2 In comparison with the runoff from the overall catchment, the increased runoff from the Site is insignificant.
- 6.1.3 There are no nearby buildings or roads, which might be affected by runoff from the Site, so there are no potential flooding impacts.
- 6.1.4 The Site will continue to accept runoff from the local upstream catchment.
- 6.1.5 The Project Proponent will be responsible for the construction and ongoing maintenance of the drainage facilities.
- 6.1.6 There will be no unacceptable drainage impacts as a result of the proposed development.
- 6.1.7 No further, more detailed assessment is considered necessary or appropriate, at least at this Stage.

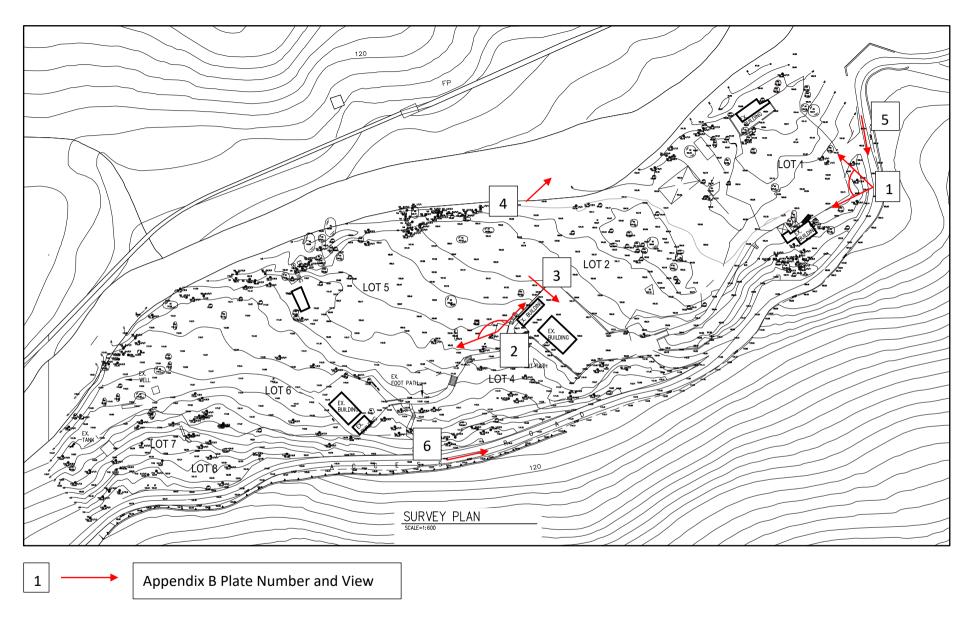
Appendix A

Master Layout Plan



Appendix B

Site Photographs



Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy	Locations of Site Photographs
	Figure B1

C197 – Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy Appendix B –Site Photographs (Dated March 2022)

See Separate Plan for Locations.



Plate 1 – Overview of the Site



Plate 2 – Overview of the Site



Plate 3 – Existing Building and Paving



Plate 4 – Main Streamcourse (north of the Site)



Plate 5 – Upstream Catchment (vegetated hillside south of the Site)



Plate 6 – Access Road and 300mm U-channel

Appendix C

Overall Runoff Coefficients

C197 - Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy Site Areas

Existing	<u>Areas</u>	Proposed C Value	<u>Factored Area</u>
Project Area	9,054.000 m ²		
Existing Paving (from Ge	oInfomap measurements)		
Existing Paving Existing Structure Existing Paving	1,241.290 m ² 54.290 m ² 1,295.580 m ²	0.95 0.95	1,179.226 m ² 51.576 m ²
Unpaved/Vegetated	7,758.420 m ²	0.25	<u>1,939.605</u> m ²
		Total Factored Area	3,170.406 m ²
		Overall Runoff Coefficient	0.35
<u>Future</u>			
Project Area	9,054.000 m ²		
Future Areas (see AC-01	220616)		Factored Area (m²)
Wood Deck	736.434 m ²	0.70	515.504
Gravel/Stone	353.497 m ²	0.80	282.798
Sand/Mud	284.939 m ²	0.25	71.235
Porous Concrete Paving	218.369 m ²	0.35	76.429
Impervious Paving	343.303 m ²	0.95	326.138
Greenery	6,292.418 m ²	0.25	1,573.105
Water Feature	265.040 m ²	1.00	265.040
Sub-total	8,494.000 m ²		
Buildings	560.000 m ²	1.00	560.000
Total	9,054.000 m ²	Total Factored Area	3,670.248 m ²
		Overall Runoff Coefficient	0.41

Appendix D

Existing U-Channel Capacity

C197 - Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy Capacity of Existing U-Channel

Based on sample section:

Upstream Level =112.07 mPDDownstream Level =108.92 mPDDifference3.15 mPD

Distance = 51 m

Gradient = 1 in 16.2

SAY, 1 in 20

Using Manning's Equation:

$$A^* = 0.076 \text{ m}^2$$

$$R = A/P = 0.099 \text{ m}$$

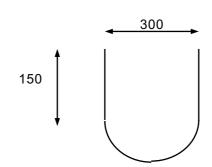
$$n = 0.015$$

$$(R^2/3)/n = 14.154$$

$$s = 0.050$$

$$V = 3.16 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q = 0.242 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$



* Assumes 5% loss for siltation (gradient > 1:25)

Channel serves a larger catchment, so say available capacity = 0.20m³/s

Appendix E

Runoff Calculations

C197 - Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy Overall Catchment Areas and Run-off (1 in 10 Year)

Refer: DSD Stormwater Drainage Manual GeoInfo Map MLP for the Site

Notes: The existing Site comprises gently sloping vegetated soil; C = 0.25, and some existing buildings/paved areas; C = 0.95

The future Site will comprise some buildings and various other surfaces - see Runoff Coefficients below.

The overall catchment and local upstream catchment mostly comprise steep naturally vegetated hillsides; C = 0.35.

The Site Catchment and local upstream catchment mostly comprise steep naturally vegetated nilisides; C = 0.33.

The Site will be used for "Agriculture", but also overnight camping, so check the 1 in 10-year Scenario.

The discharge from the Site will be to a Main Rural Drainage Channel (a large natiral streamcourse), so also check the 1 in 50-year Scenario.

The Site Catchment is small, so Rational Method is appropriate. Overall Catchment is large (>1.5km²), but adopt the Rational Method for simplicity and as an indication of magnitude.

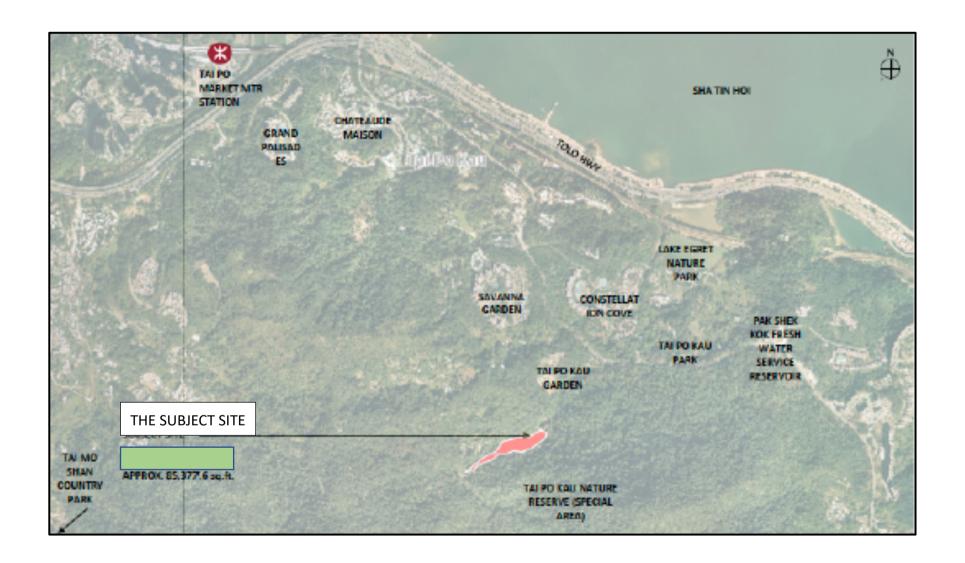
Allowances for increased rainfall intensity are to be included, in accordance with Section 6.8 of the DSD Stormwater Drainage Manual. The Site is at high elevation and will not be tidally affected.

Intensity = a/(t_c+b)^c

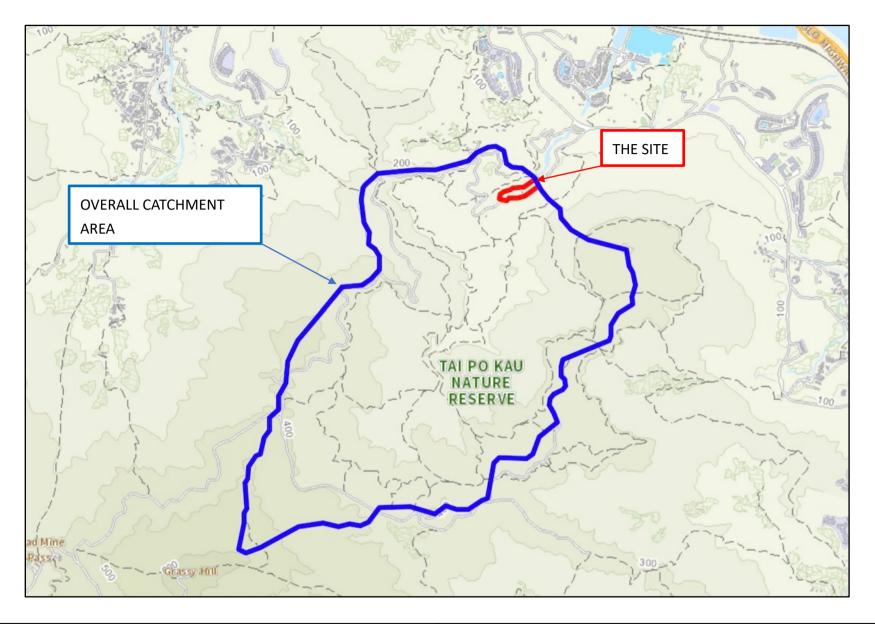
Catchment	Area	Levels	(mPD) ¹	Fall	Overland, L	Fall, H	Overland t _c	Total t _c	Intensity	Runoff Coefficient	Run-off	Remarks
	(m ²)	Upsteam	Downstream	(m)	(m)	(m/100m)	(min)	(min)	(mm/h)	Cocmocni	(m ³ /s)	
Existing Situation												
The Site (Proposed Area)												
Overall Site Area Total	9,054	120	105	15	76	19.7	2.4	3.0	231	0.35	0.204 0.204	See separate Runoff Coefficient Calculation (Appendix C)
The Site + Local Upstream Catchment												
Overall Local Catchment Area (including the Site) The Site Access Road (Paved) External Vegetated Areas (Unpaved - mostly steep) Total Available Capacity of U-channel adjacent to the Access Road Resultant Discharge from the Site	46,177 9,054 786 36,337	235	103	132	276	47.8	6.3	6.3	195	0.35 0.95 0.35	0.171 0.040 0.688 0.900 0.200	
Overall Catchment												
Overall Catchment Area Access Roads & The existing Site Buildings/Paving (Paved) Vegetated Areas (Unpaved) Total	####### 19,301 ########	590	95	495	3,080	16.1	58.7	58.7	92	0.90 0.35	0.444 21.905	Catchment data from Grassy Hill Indicative order of magnitude only
Future Situation												
The Site												
Overall Site Area STP Discharge (Nominal) Total	9,054							3.0	231	0.41	0.239 0.005 0.244	See separate Runoff Coefficient Calculation (Appendix C)
The Site + Local Upstream Catchment												
Overall Local Catchment Area (including the Site) The Site The Site Access Road (Paved) External Vegetated Areas (Unpaved - mostly steep) STP Discharge (Nominal) Total Available Capacity of U-channel adjacent to the Access Road Resultant Discharge from the Site	46,177 9,054 786 36,337	235	103	132	276	47.8	6.3	6.3	195	0.41 0.95 0.35	0.201 0.040 0.688 0.005 0.934 0.200 0.734	
Increase over Existing Situation (The Site								0.040				
%age Increase									19.6%			
%age Increase Compared to Existing Overall Catchment												
Future Site Runoff with climate change increase to mid-21st Century (STP Discharge + 10.4% increase in rainfall)												
Future Site Runoff with climate change increase to end-21st Century (STP Discharge + 13.8% increase in rainfall)												

Appendix F

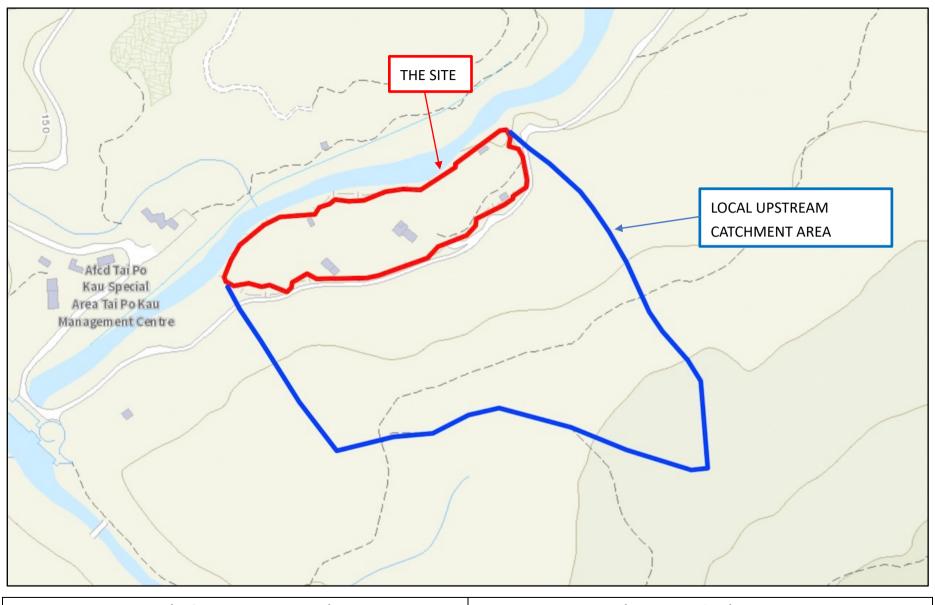
Figures



Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy	Site Location Plan				
	Figure 1				



Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy	Overall Catchment Area					
	Figure 2					



Proposed Tai Po Kau Nature Academy	Local Upstream Catchment Area				
	Figure 3				