Case No. D54/02

Salaries tax – whether an appellant had rendered all the services in connection with his employment outside Hong Kong and thereby his income was thus excluded by section 8(1A) – various factors to be considered – dictated by the facts of the case – frequency and duration and arrival and departure times of the appellant's stays in Hong Kong – amounts of salary earned – job nature – the frequency and amounts of cash taken by the appellant on arrival and departure – onus of proof that any of the assessments appealed against is excessive or incorrect on the appellant – sections 8(1A), 8(1B) and 68(4) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance ('IRO').

Panel: Kenneth Kwok Hing Wai SC (chairman), Christine Koo and Kenneth Leung Kai Cheong.

Date of hearing: 20 July 2002. Date of decision: 28 August 2002.

This was an appeal against the additional salaries tax assessments raised on the appellant for the years of assessment 1995/96 to 1998/99 and also against the salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1999/2000.

There were no dispute on the amounts and that the location and source of the appellant's employment was in Hong Kong. The appellant did not rely on section 8(1B) of the IRO.

The appellant gave evidence to the effect that he had rendered <u>all</u> the services in connection with his employment outside Hong Kong, and contended that his income was thus excluded by section 8(1A). The Board rejected his evidence and found against him on this factual issue.

The facts appear sufficiently in the following judgment.

Held:

1. In relation to the assertion of the appellant that he had never gone back to his employer's place of business in Hong Kong except for personal matters, had not met his boss in Hong Kong, had not travelled to China together with his boss, had not discussed business matters with his boss by telephone while the appellant was in Hong Kong, and had not discussed business matters with his two sons (who were his second-in-command in the factory in China) by telephone while the appellant was in Hong Kong, having regard to the frequency and duration and arrival and

departure times of the appellant's stays in Hong Kong, the Board considered his assertions as highly improbable.

- 2. The Board did not believe that all work stopped the moment and every moment he stepped foot on Hong Kong. The appellant placed heavy reliance on the fact that his two deputies were his sons. If anything, this was a factor against him. The Board did not believe that father and sons, nor for that matter, the appellant and his boss, would not discuss about business matters except when the appellant was outside Hong Kong.
- 3. The Board disbelieved that the appellant took large sums of cash in Hong Kong currency on almost all trips to and from China for personal reasons. The frequency and amounts were decisively against him. His salary in the year of assessment 1995/96 was \$690,000. The Board concluded that it was probable that it was part of his job to carry cash from Hong Kong to China.
- 4. The appellant had not discharged the onus under section 68(4) of the IRO of proving that any of the assessments appealed against was excessive or incorrect. The Board confirmed the assessments as increased by the Commissioner.

Appeal dismissed.

Yeung Siu Fai for the Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

Dennis Law Shiu Ming Counsel instructed by Messrs K Y Woo & Co for the taxpayer.

Decision:

- 1. This is an appeal against the determination of the Commissioner of Inland Revenue dated 28 March 2002 whereby:
 - (a) Additional salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1995/96 under charge number 9-4196065-96-5, dated 14 November 2001, showing additional chargeable income of \$618,000 with additional tax payable of \$88,300 was increased to additional chargeable income of \$1,020,000 with additional tax payable of \$148,600.
 - (b) Additional salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1996/97 under charge number 9-2554009-97-3, dated 14 November 2001, showing additional chargeable income of \$1,350,000 with additional tax payable of

- \$206,420 was increased to additional chargeable income of \$1,572,000 with additional tax payable of \$239,720.
- (c) Additional salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1997/98 under charge number 9-3967717-98-8, dated 14 November 2001, showing additional chargeable income of \$1,699,000 with additional tax payable of \$231,939 was increased to additional chargeable income of \$1,883,146 with additional tax payable of \$256,798.
- (d) Additional salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1998/99 under charge number 9-2110911-99-2, dated 14 November 2001, showing additional chargeable income of \$1,623,100 with additional tax payable of \$267,827 was increased to additional chargeable income of \$1,703,456 with additional tax payable of \$281,487.
- (e) Salaries tax assessment for the year of assessment 1999/2000 under charge number 9-1611634-00-1, dated 4 December 2000, showing net chargeable income of \$1,272,080 with tax payable thereon of \$205,753 was increased to net chargeable income of \$1,403,655 with tax payable thereon of \$228,121.
- 2. The facts stated in the facts upon which the determination was arrived at in the determination were agreed by the Appellant and we find them as facts.
- 3. Counsel for the Appellant told us that:
 - (a) there was no dispute on the amounts;
 - (b) there was no dispute that the location and source of the Appellant's employment was in Hong Kong; and
 - (c) the Appellant did not rely on section 8(1B) of the IRO.
- 4. The Appellant gave evidence to the effect that he had rendered <u>all</u> the services in connection with his employment outside Hong Kong, and contended that his income was thus excluded by section 8(1A). We reject his evidence and find against him on this factual issue.
 - (a) The Appellant asserted that he had never gone back to his employer's place of business in Hong Kong except for personal matters, had not met his boss in Hong Kong, had not travelled to China together with his boss, had not discussed business matters with his boss by telephone while the Appellant was in Hong Kong, and had not discussed business matters with his two sons (who were his second-in-command in the factory in China) by telephone while the

Appellant was in Hong Kong. Having regard to the frequency and duration and arrival and departure times of the Appellant's stays in Hong Kong, as listed in pages 14 to 36 of R1 bundle, we consider his assertions as highly improbable. We do not believe that all work stopped the moment and every moment he stepped foot on Hong Kong. The Appellant placed heavy reliance on the fact that his two deputies were his sons. If anything, this is a factor against him. We do not believe that father and sons, nor for that matter, the Appellant and his boss, would not discuss about business matters except when the Appellant was outside Hong Kong.

(b) The Appellant took large sums of cash in Hong Kong currency on almost all trips to and from China. He alleged that he did so for personal reasons. We disbelieve him. The frequency and amounts are decisively against him. His salary in the year of assessment 1995/96 was \$690,000. In our decision, it is probable that it was part of his job to carry cash from Hong Kong to China.

Exit date	Amount	
from China	\$	
5-4-1995	28,000	
9-4-1995	12,000	
15-4-1995	9,000	
22-4-1995	8,000	
28-4-1995	6,000	63,000
		April 1995
3-5-1995	18,000	
6-5-1995	10,000	
13-5-1995	8,000	
19-5-1995	35,000	
23-5-1995	10,000	
27-5-1995	10,000	
1-6-1995	18,000	109,000
		May 1995
5-6-1995	13,000	
9-6-1995	30,000	
14-6-1995	10,000	
17-6-1995	15,000	
23-6-1995	20,000	
28-6-1995	17,000	
1-7-1995	16,000	121,000
		June 1995
7-7-1995	16,000	
12-7-1995	30,000	
	from China 5-4-1995 9-4-1995 15-4-1995 22-4-1995 28-4-1995 3-5-1995 13-5-1995 13-5-1995 23-5-1995 27-5-1995 1-6-1995 14-6-1995 17-6-1995 28-6-1995 28-6-1995 1-7-1995	from China \$ 5-4-1995 28,000 9-4-1995 12,000 15-4-1995 9,000 22-4-1995 8,000 28-4-1995 6,000 3-5-1995 18,000 6-5-1995 10,000 13-5-1995 35,000 23-5-1995 10,000 27-5-1995 10,000 1-6-1995 13,000 9-6-1995 30,000 14-6-1995 10,000 17-6-1995 15,000 23-6-1995 20,000 28-6-1995 17,000 1-7-1995 16,000

	13,000	15-7-1995	13-7-1995
	30,000	19-7-1995	18-7-1995
	20,000	21-7-1995	20-7-1995
	15,000	26-7-1995	24-7-1995
	11,000	29-7-1995	27-7-1995
148,000	13,000	4-8-1995	31-7-1995
July 1995			
-	22,000	11-8-1995	8-8-1995
	8,000	19-8-1995	15-8-1995
	14,000	27-8-1995	22-8-1995
74,000	30,000	2-9-1995	30-8-1995
August 1995			
	28,000	9-9-1995	4-9-1995
	16,000	17-9-1995	12-9-1995
	10,000	22-9-1995	19-9-1995
	20,000	27-9-1995	26-9-1995
87,000	13,000	30-9-1995	28-9-1995
September 1995			
	18,000	3-10-1995	2-10-1995
	16,000	7-10-1995	5-10-1995
	5,000	13-10-1995	10-10-1995
	9,000	18-10-1995	16-10-1995
	10,000	21-10-1995	19-10-1995
	7,000	27-10-1995	24-10-1995
83,000	18,000	31-10-1995	30-10-1995
October 1995			
	16,000	4-11-1995	2-11-1995
	15,000	10-11-1995	7-11-1995
	13,000	19-11-1995	14-11-1995
	25,000	24-11-1995	21-11-1995
89,000	20,000	2-12-1995	28-11-1995
November 1995			
	30,000	8-12-1995	5-12-1995
	20,000	14-12-1995	13-12-1995
	25,000	22-12-1995	19-12-1995
	7,000	25-12-1995	23-12-1995
92,000	10,000	29-12-1995	28-12-1995
December 1995			
	20,000	4-1-1996	2-1-1996
	18,000	12-1-1996	8-1-1996
	8,000	18-1-1996	17-1-1996
	8,000	20-1-1996	19-1-1996

	15,000	26-1-1996	23-1-1996
129,000	60,000	2-2-1996	30-1-1996
January 1996			
	-	8-2-1996	5-2-1996
	28,000	10-2-1996	9-2-1996
	17,000	27-2-1996	26-2-1996
57,000	12,000	2-3-1996	29-2-1996
February 1996			
-	28,000	7-3-1996	6-3-1996
	14,000	9-3-1996	8-3-1996
	8,000	14-3-1996	11-3-1996
	7,000	15-3-1996	15-3-1996
	30,000	21-3-1996	19-3-1996
	14,000	23-3-1996	22-3-1996
	10,000	26-3-1996	25-3-1996
119,000	8,000	29-3-1996	27-3-1996
March 1996			
	10,000	3-4-1996	2-4-1996
	6,000	6-4-1996	5-4-1996
	4,000	13-4-1996	10-4-1996
	7,000	16-4-1996	15-4-1996
	5,000	19-4-1996	17-4-1996
	30,000	26-4-1996	23-4-1996
81,000	19,000	30-4-1996	29-4-1996
April 1996			
_	8,000	3-5-1996	2-5-1996
	4,500	10-5-1996	6-5-1996
	9,000	15-5-1996	13-5-1996
	14,000	17-5-1996	16-5-1996
70,500	35,000	23-5-1996	20-5-1996
May 1996			

^{5.} The Appellant has not discharged the onus under section 68(4) of the IRO of proving that any of the assessments appealed against is excessive or incorrect. We dismiss the appeal and confirm the assessments as increased by the Commissioner.